1 2 3 4 By: K SANDOVAL, Deputy 5 6 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO 10 JUDICIAL COUNCIL COORDINATION Coordination Proceeding Special Title (Rule 1550(b)): PROCEEDING NOS. 4221, 4224, 4226 and 11 4228 12 The Honorable Ronald S. Prager 13 Coordination Trial Judge 14 PROPOSED JUDGMENT, FINAL NATURAL GAS ANTI-TRUST CASES I, 15 ORDER, AND DECREE GRANTING II, III & IV FINAL APPROVAL TO CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT WITH DYNEGY 16 **DEFENDANTS** 17 Date: December 11, 2006 10:00 a.m. 18 Time: Department 71 Courtroom: 19 20 This Document Relates To: 21 THE FOLLOWING PRICE INDEXING 22 CASES ONLY: 23 Team Design, et al. v. Reliant Energy, Inc., et al., Los Angeles County Superior Court Case 24 No. BC294113 25 Uyeda, et al. v. Centerpoint Energy, Inc., et al., San Diego County Superior Court Case No. 26 GIC810580 27 Oberti Wholesale Foods, Inc. v. Encana Energy Services, Inc., et al., Alameda County 28 Superior Court Case No. RG03098109 578888.1

JUDGMENT GRANTING FINAL APPROVAL TO CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

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2	Shanghai 1930 Restaurant Partners, L.P. v. EnCana Energy Services, Inc., et al., San
3	Francisco County Superior Court Case No. CGC-03-420785
4	A.L. Gilbert Co. v. Coral Energy Resources, L.P., et al., Alameda County Superior Court
5	Case No. RG03097835
6 7	Brown v. Encana Energy Services, Inc., et al., Alameda County Superior Court Case No. RG03099036
8	Podesta v. EnCana Energy Services Inc., et al.,
9	San Joaquin County Superior Court Case No. CV021175
10	Lois the Pie Queen v. EnCana Energy Services Inc., et al., Alameda County Superior Court
11	Case No. RG03104286
12	Vittice Corp. v. EnCana Corp., et al., Alameda County Superior Court Case No. RG04137797
13	Benscheidt, et al. v. AEP Energy Services, Inc.,
14	et al., San Diego County Superior Court Case No. GIC825011
15	Older v. Sempra Energy, et al., San Diego
16	County Superior Court Case No. GIC835457
17	Bustamante v. The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc., et al., Los Angeles Superior Court Case
18	No. BC285598
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JUDGMENT GRANTING FINAL APPROVAL TO CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

This matter is before the Court on the motion for final class certification and final approval of a proposed class action settlement (the "Settlement") of the above-captioned cases (the "Class Actions") entered into between, on the one hand, plaintiffs A.L. Gilbert Company, Mark and Susan Benscheidt dba Madera Wash Depot and Countrywood Laundromat, David C. Brown, H & M Roses, Inc., Lois the Pie Queen, Celina Martinez, Oberti Wholesale Foods, Inc., Dan L. Older, Craig Podesta, Shanghai 1930 Restaurant Partners, L.P., Michael and Haleema Silverman, Tom and Lynette Stevenson, Timothy Engeln, Inc. dba Team Design, Laurence Uyeda, and Vittice Corporation (collectively, the "Class Representatives"), individually and on behalf of the Settlement Classes (as defined below), and, on the other hand, defendants Dynegy Inc., Dynegy Marketing and Trade, Dynegy Power Marketing, Inc. and West Coast Power LLC (collectively, "Dynegy," and, together with the Class Representatives, the "Settling Parties"), as set forth in the Settlement Agreement attached hereto as Exhibit A.

By the Order Granting Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlements entered on

By the Order Granting Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlements entered on September 1, 2006 (the "Preliminary Approval Order"), the Court: (a) conditionally certified the Settlement Class and Subclasses defined therein (collectively, the "Settlement Classes"); (b) appointed the Class Representatives and their counsel ("Class Counsel") to represent the Settlement Classes, as set forth therein; (c) granted preliminary approval to the Settlement; and (d) ordered that notice of the Settlement be disseminated to the Settlement Classes, as directed therein, on or before October 11, 2006.

In compliance with the Preliminary Approval Order, notice was published and/or mailed to the members of the Settlement Classes on or before October 11, 2006.

On December 11, 2006, the Settling Parties appeared before the Court at the final approval and fairness hearing (the "Fairness Hearing"), represented by their respective attorneys. An opportunity to be heard was given to all persons requesting to be heard. The Court has reviewed and considered all of the pleadings filed in connection therewith, and all of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Settlement was also entered into by the following Dynegy affiliates not named as defendants in the Master Class Action Complaint: Dynegy Holdings Inc., Cabrillo Power I LLC, Cabrillo Power II LLC, El Segundo Power II LLC, Long Beach Generation LLC, and WCP (Generation) Holdings LLC.

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arguments and evidence presented at the Fairness Hearing in support of the Settlement.

In addition to the foregoing, on November 6, 2006, Dynegy noticed, filed, and served a Motion for Determination of Good Faith Settlement (the "Good Faith Motion"), pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure Section 877.6(a)(1). No nonsettling party, or any other alleged co-tortfeasor or co-obligor, has filed an opposition to the Good Faith Motion.

The entire matter of the proposed Settlement having been duly noticed, and having been fully considered by the Court,

## IT IS HEREBY ADJUDGED, ORDERED, AND DECREED that:

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction over the claims of the members of the Settlement
  Classes asserted in this coordination proceeding, personal jurisdiction over the Settling Parties
  (including the members of the Settlement Classes), and subject matter jurisdiction to approve the
  Settlement.
- 2. Notice given to the members of the Settlement Classes was reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise the class members of the pendency of the Class Actions, all material elements of the proposed Settlement, and their opportunity to exclude themselves from, to object to, or to comment on the Settlement and to appear at the Fairness Hearing. The notice was reasonable and the best notice practicable under the circumstances; was due, adequate and sufficient notice to all class members; and complied fully with the laws of the State of California, the California Code of Civil Procedure, the California Rules of Court, due process, and any other applicable statutes or rules. A full opportunity has been afforded to the members of the Settlement Classes to participate in the Fairness Hearing, and all members of the Settlement Classes and other persons wishing to be heard have been heard. Accordingly, the Court determines that all members of the Settlement Classes are bound by this Judgment, Final Order, and Decree.
- 3. The Court finds that the applicable requirements of the California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 and California Rules of Court 1859 and 1860 have been satisfied with respect to the Settlement Classes and the Settlement.
  - 4. On September 1, 2006, this Court conditionally certified a Settlement Class,

defined as:

All individuals and entities who between January 1, 1999 and December 31, 2002, inclusive (the "Class Period"), directly or indirectly purchased natural gas in California and/or at the California border for use. Excluded from the Settlement Class are: individuals and entities who purchased natural gas for resale or for generation of electricity for the purpose of resale (but solely with respect to the extent of such purchases and not with respect to other purchases); Defendants and their predecessors, affiliates, subsidiaries, officers, and directors; federal, state, and local governments and governmental agencies; any and all judges and justices assigned to hear any aspect of this litigation, along with their spouses and any minor children residing in their households;

In addition, on that same date, this Court conditionally certified two Settlement Subclasses, defined as:

justice assigned to hear any aspect of this litigation.

any persons within the third degree of relationship of any judge or

## The Core Natural Gas Subclass

All individuals and entities that purchased natural gas for use from any source and were or would otherwise have been generally classified as "core" or "core subscription" natural gas customers by one or more of California's natural gas utilities, including, without limitation, Southern California Gas Company, Pacific Gas & Electric Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company, City of Long Beach Energy Department, and Southwest Gas Corporation, at any time between January 1, 1999 and December 31, 2002.

## The Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass

All individuals and entities that purchased natural gas for use from any source and were or would otherwise have been generally classified as "non-core" natural gas customers (excluding "core subscription" customers) by one or more of California's natural gas utilities, including, without limitation, Southern California Gas Company, Pacific Gas & Electric Company, San Diego Gas & Electric Company, City of Long Beach Energy Department, and Southwest Gas Corporation, or who otherwise purchased natural gas pursuant to contract, at any time between January 1, 1999 and December 31, 2002.

5. Membership in the two Subclasses is subject to the same limitations and exclusions as the Settlement Class, including that purchases must have been made by members of these subclasses for use and not for resale or generation of electricity for the purpose of resale, and the exclusion of governmental entities. Settlement Class members who switched from "core subscription" or "core elect" status to "non-core" natural gas status during the class period (or

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vice-versa) are members of both the Core Natural Gas Subclass and the Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass.

- 6. The Court appointed the Class Representatives as representatives of the Settlement Class. The Court appointed Class Representatives Mark and Susan Benscheidt, David C. Brown, Lois the Pie Queen, Celina Martinez, Oberti Wholesale Foods, Inc., Dan L. Older, Shanghai 1930 Restaurant Partners, L.P., Michael and Haleema Silverman, Tom and Lynette Stevenson, Timothy Engeln, Inc. dba Team Design, Laurence Uyeda and Vittice Corporation as representatives of the Core Natural Gas Subclass. The Court appointed Class Representatives A.L. Gilbert Company and H&M Roses, Inc. as representatives of the Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass. The Court appointed the law firm of Lieff, Cabraser, Heimann & Bernstein, LLP as Co-Lead Settlement Class Counsel and Lead Settlement Subclass Counsel for the Core Natural Gas Subclass. The Court appointed the law firm of Engstrom, Lipscomb & Lack as Co-Lead Settlement Class Counsel and Lead Settlement Subclass Counsel for the Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass. The Court appointed the members of the Plaintiffs' Executive Committee as additional Settlement Class Counsel.
- 7. California Code of Civil Procedure section 382 provides for class certification when there is an ascertainable class and a well defined community of interest among class members. The Settlement Class and each Subclass continue to meet this standard for class certification, so that final certification of the Settlement Class and Subclasses is appropriate. There have been no objections to the propriety of class certification.
- 8. The Court finds for the purposes of settlement only that: (i) the members of the Settlement Class are so numerous that joinder would be impractical; (ii) there is a commonality of interests among the members of the Settlement Class; (iii) there are questions of law and fact that are common to the Settlement Class, and the common questions predominate over individual questions; (iv) the Class Representatives' claims are typical of the claims of absent Settlement Class members; and (v) the Class Representatives and Co-Lead Settlement Class Counsel will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the absent Settlement Class members.
- 9. The Court finds for the purposes of settlement only that: (i) the members of the

Core Natural Gas Subclass are so numerous that joinder would be impractical; (ii) there is a commonality of interests among the members of the Core National Gas Subclass; (iii) there are questions of law and fact that are common to the Core National Gas Subclass, and the common questions predominate over individual questions; (iv) the claims of plaintiffs Mark and Susan Benscheidt, David C. Brown, Lois the Pie Queen, Celina Martinez, Oberti Wholesale Foods, Inc., Dan L. Older, Shanghai 1930 Restaurant Partners, L.P., Michael and Haleema Silverman, Tom and Lynette Stevenson, Timothy Engeln, Inc. dba Team Design, Laurence Uyeda, and Vittice Corporation are typical of the claims of absent Core Natural Gas Subclass members; and (v) these Class Representatives and Lead Settlement Subclass Counsel will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the absent Core Natural Gas Subclass members.

- Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass are so numerous that joinder would be impractical; (ii) there is a commonality of interests among the members of the Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass; (iii) there are questions of law and fact that are common to the Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass, and the common questions predominate over individual questions; (iv) the claims of plaintiffs A.L. Gilbert Company and H&M Roses, Inc. are typical of the claims of absent Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass members; and (v) these Class Representatives and Lead Settlement Subclass Counsel will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the absent Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass members.
- 11. Accordingly, pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 382, the Court makes final its conditional certification of the Settlement Class and each of the two Subclasses for settlement purposes only, and confirms the appointment of the Class Representatives and Class Counsel to represent the Settlement Classes, as set forth above.
- 12. The following persons and entities not represented by their own counsel in this coordination proceeding timely requested exclusion: Southern California Edison Company, Pacific Gas and Electric Company,; Sierra Pacific Resources (on behalf of itself and related entities); Wayne E. Williams, James H. Bailey, E. & J. Gallo Winery, Gallo Glass Company, and BP Energy Company. Each of these entities (and, with respect to Sierra Pacific Resources, the

additional entities identified in its request for exclusion) are excluded from the Settlement Classes.

- 13. The following persons and entities, represented by their own counsel in this coordination proceeding, timely filed requests for exclusion: County of San Diego, County of San Mateo, County of Santa Clara, County of Alameda, City and County of San Francisco, City of Los Angeles, City of San Diego, Sacramento Municipal Utility District, The Board of Trustees of The California State University, The Regents of the University of California, School Project for Utility Rate Reduction (SPURR),; ABAG Publicly Owned Energy Resources; California Steel Industries, Inc.; Hanson Permanente Cement, Inc..; TAMCO; Vista Metals Corp.; Nurserymen's Exchange, Inc.; Owens-Brockway Glass Container, Inc.; PABCO Building Products, LLC and Basalite Concrete Products, LLC. Each of these entities are excluded from the Settlement Classes.
- 14. There have been no objections to the Settlement. The Coachella Valley Taxi
  Owners Association has filed a comment in support of the Settlement.
- 15. The Court hereby grants final approval to the Settlement and finds that it is fair, reasonable, and adequate, and in the best interests of the Settlement Classes.
- 16. The Settlement is entitled to a presumption of reasonableness, as it was negotiated at arms'-length by experienced and well-prepared Class Counsel, and there have been no objections to the Settlement. 7-Eleven Owners for Fair Franchising v. Southland Corp. (2001) 85 Cal. App. 4th 1135, 1151.
- 17. The Settlement is also fair, reasonable, and adequate, as measured by the relevant criteria. See Dunk v. Ford Motor Co. (1996) 48 Cal. App. 4th 1794, 1801 (listing and applying factors).
- 18. Prior to entering into the proposed Settlement, Class Counsel, who have extensive experience in class action and antitrust litigation, were well-informed about the potential risks and rewards of continued litigation, having conducted extensive discovery and investigation, having consulted extensively with experts concerning Dynegy's potential liability and Settlement Class members' damages, having overcome numerous pleading challenges, and having moved for 578888.1

certification of a litigation class. In a case as complex as this, continued litigation presents serious risks for the Settlement Class at trial, and further risks on appeal, as the survival of any judgment rendered in the Settlement Class' favor may turn on appellate resolution of a number of legal defenses raised by defendants, such as federal preemption and the filed-rate doctrine.

- 19. Finally, the reaction of Settlement Class members strongly favors settlement approval. While the Settlement Class contains millions of members, only a handful have optedout of the Settlement Class, and none have objected to the Settlement.
- 20. The allocation of Settlement proceeds as between the Core Natural Gas Subclass and the Non-Core Natural Gas Subclass, as set forth in the notices disseminated to the Settlement Class, is also hereby approved as fair, adequate, and reasonable.
- 21. Accordingly, the Settlement Agreement, attached hereto as Exhibit A, is approved and made a part of this judgment as if fully set forth herein, and shall have the full force and effect of an order of this Court. The parties shall consummate the Settlement Agreement according to its terms.
- 22. Under California Code of Civil Procedure sections 578, 579, and 664.6, the Court, in the interests of justice, there being no just reason for delay, expressly directs the Clerk of the Court to enter this Judgment, Final Order, and Decree, and hereby decrees, that upon entry, it be deemed as a final judgment and appealable with respect to all claims asserted by members of the Settlement Classes against Dynegy.
- 23. In addition to the effect of this final judgment, the Released Parties (as defined in the Settlement Agreement) are released and forever discharged by the Class Representatives and by each and every member of the Settlement Class from any and all claims, causes of action, demands, rights, actions, suits and requests for equitable, legal and administrative relief of any kind or nature whatsoever ("Claims") arising from or relating to (i) the facts alleged in any of the Class Actions, including without limitation any and all Claims that were or could have been asserted against Dynegy under state and federal antitrust laws, unfair competition statutes and common law principles, unjust enrichment principles, or any other common law, statutory or equitable theory; and (ii) the purchase of natural gas during the Class Period, including but not 578888.1

limited to the purchase of physical natural gas and/or any transaction relating to, dependent upon or derivative of the price of natural gas. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this final judgment does not release any Claims that any member of the Settlement Class may have against any Released Party based solely on the performance or non-performance of the parties under a contract between the particular Settlement Class member and Released Party, but only to the extent such claim is not based upon and does not depend upon any contention or proof that the rate or price charged was affected in any way by any improper conduct relating to the price of natural gas. To the extent any such contract-based claims would rely upon any conduct or matters released in this paragraph, they are hereby waived, released and extinguished. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, this final judgment does not release a Released Party from any Claims that any member of the Settlement Class classified as a "core customer" by the California Public Utilities Commission may have against the Released Parties arising out of or relating to derivative transactions. However, the Released Parties shall retain whatever legal rights they may have to assert a set-off or other defense to such a Claim based upon any monies paid under this Settlement. This final judgment does not release any Claim against any entity other than the Released Parties, or any Claim or liability as between any Settlement Class member and any other Settlement Class member.

24. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Class Representatives, on behalf of themselves and each and every member of the Settlement Class, expressly waive the benefits of any statutory provision or common law rule that provides, in sum or substance, that a release does not extend to claims which the releasor does not know or suspect to exist in its favor at the time of executing the release, which if known by it, would have materially affected its settlement with the other party. In particular, but without limitation, the Class Representatives, on behalf of themselves and each and every member of the Settlement Class, understand the provisions of California Civil Code Section 1542, which provides:

A general release does not extend to claims which the creditor does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, which if known by him or her must have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor.

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The Class Representatives, on behalf of themselves and each and every member of the Settlement Class, with the advice of counsel, have agreed that (i) the provisions of California Civil Code Section 1542 are hereby knowingly and voluntarily waived and relinquished, and (ii) the provisions of all similar federal or state laws, rights, rules, or legal principles of any other jurisdiction, to the extent that they are found to be applicable herein, also are hereby knowingly and voluntarily waived and relinquished. Notwithstanding the foregoing waiver of California Civil Code Section 1542, the releases set forth in this final judgment are specific to the matters set forth in the releases and are not intended to constitute general releases as to all claims, or potential claims, between the releasing and Released Parties.

- 25. Without affecting the finality of this Judgment, Final Order, and Decree, the Settling Parties, including the members of the Settlement Classes, have submitted to the exclusive and continuing jurisdiction of this Court, and this Court reserves exclusive and continuing jurisdiction over the Settlement, including the administration and consummation of the Settlement.
- 26. Nothing in this Order shall be construed to expand the obligations of Dynegy under the Settlement Agreement or to impose obligations on Dynegy other than those contained in the Settlement Agreement.
- 27. As to Dynegy, the Class Actions are hereby dismissed with prejudice, and, except as provided in the Settlement Agreement, without costs.
- 28. The Court hereby GRANTS the Good Faith Motion, and determines that the settlement entered into in this case was made in good faith for the purposes of California Code of Civil Procedure Sections 877 and 877.6.

SO ORDERED, this \_\_\_\_ day of December, 200

Hon, Ronald S. Prager Coordination Trial Judge

Superior Court of the State of California

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